

An Introduction to Reliable Server Pooling and the *RSPLIB* Implementation

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D U I S B U R G
E S S E N

Dr. Thomas Dreibholz
Institute for Experimental Mathematics
University of Duisburg-Essen
dreibh@iem.uni-due.de
<http://www.exp-math.uni-essen.de/~dreibh>

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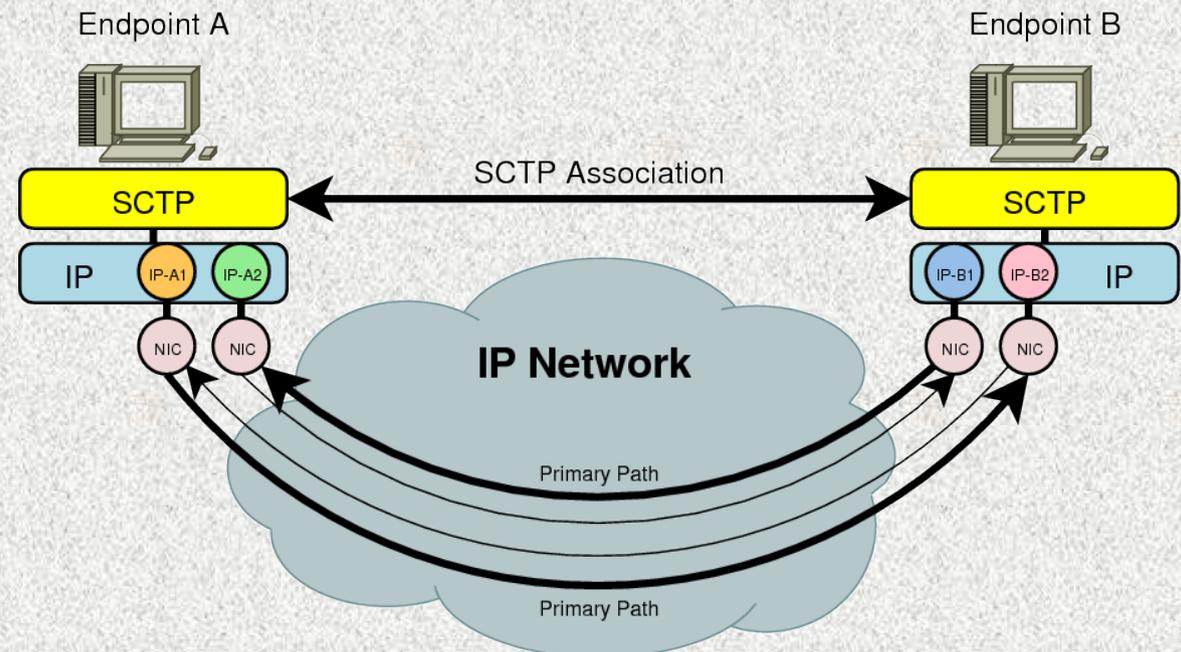
Thomas Dreibholz's Reliable Server Pooling Page
<http://tdrwww.exp-math.uni-essen.de/dreibholz/rserpool/>

■ Original Motivation:

- Telephone signalling (SS7 protocol) over IP networks
- Strict requirements on availability

■ The Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) [RFC 2960]

- „TCP Next Generation“
- **Multi-Homing**
- Add-IP: dynamic address reconfiguration
- Multi-Streaming
- Message-Framing
- Protection against DoS
 - 4-way handshake
 - „Verification Tag“



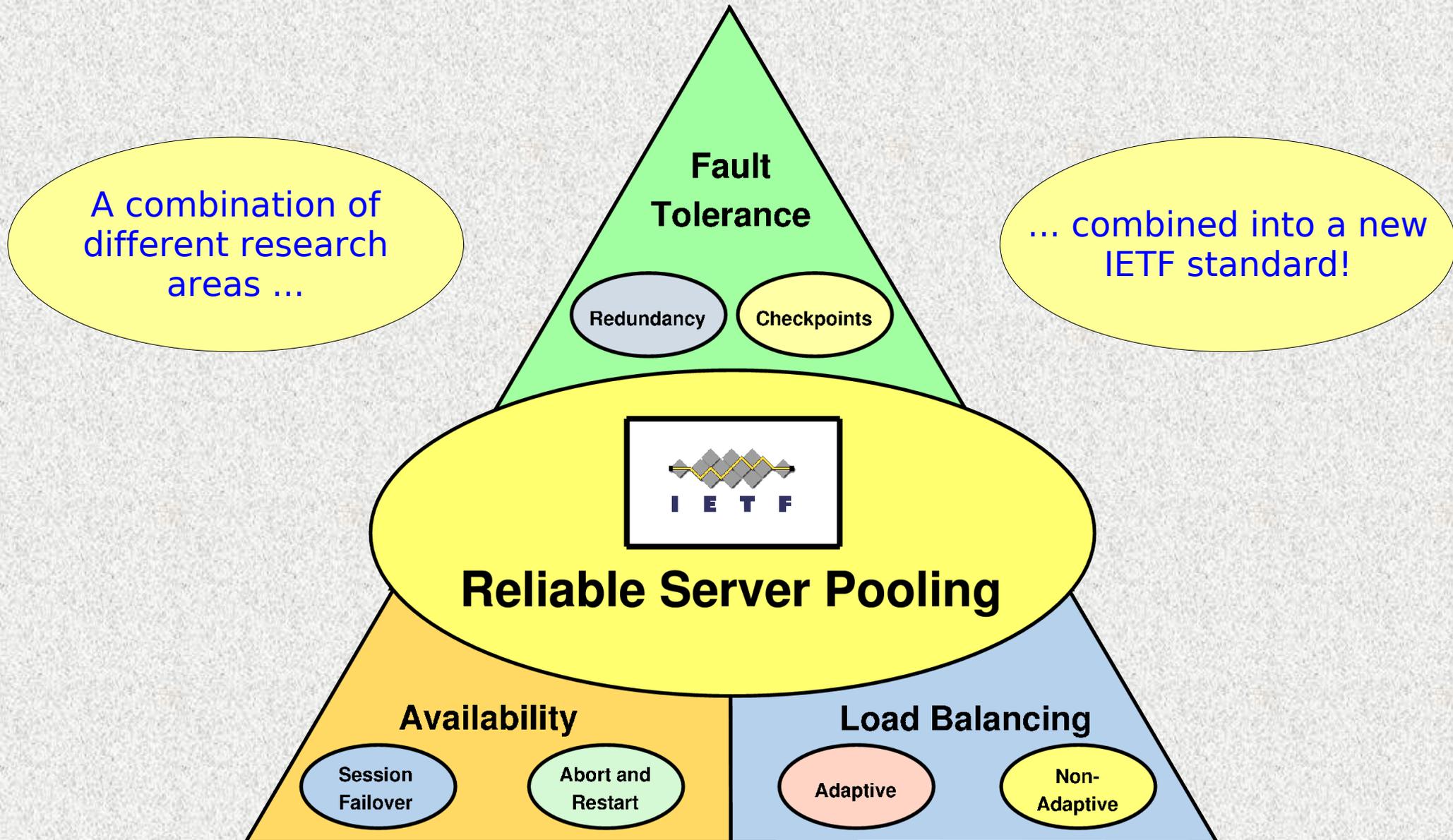
■ Sctp protects against various network problems, but ...

■ ... not against a **server failure**

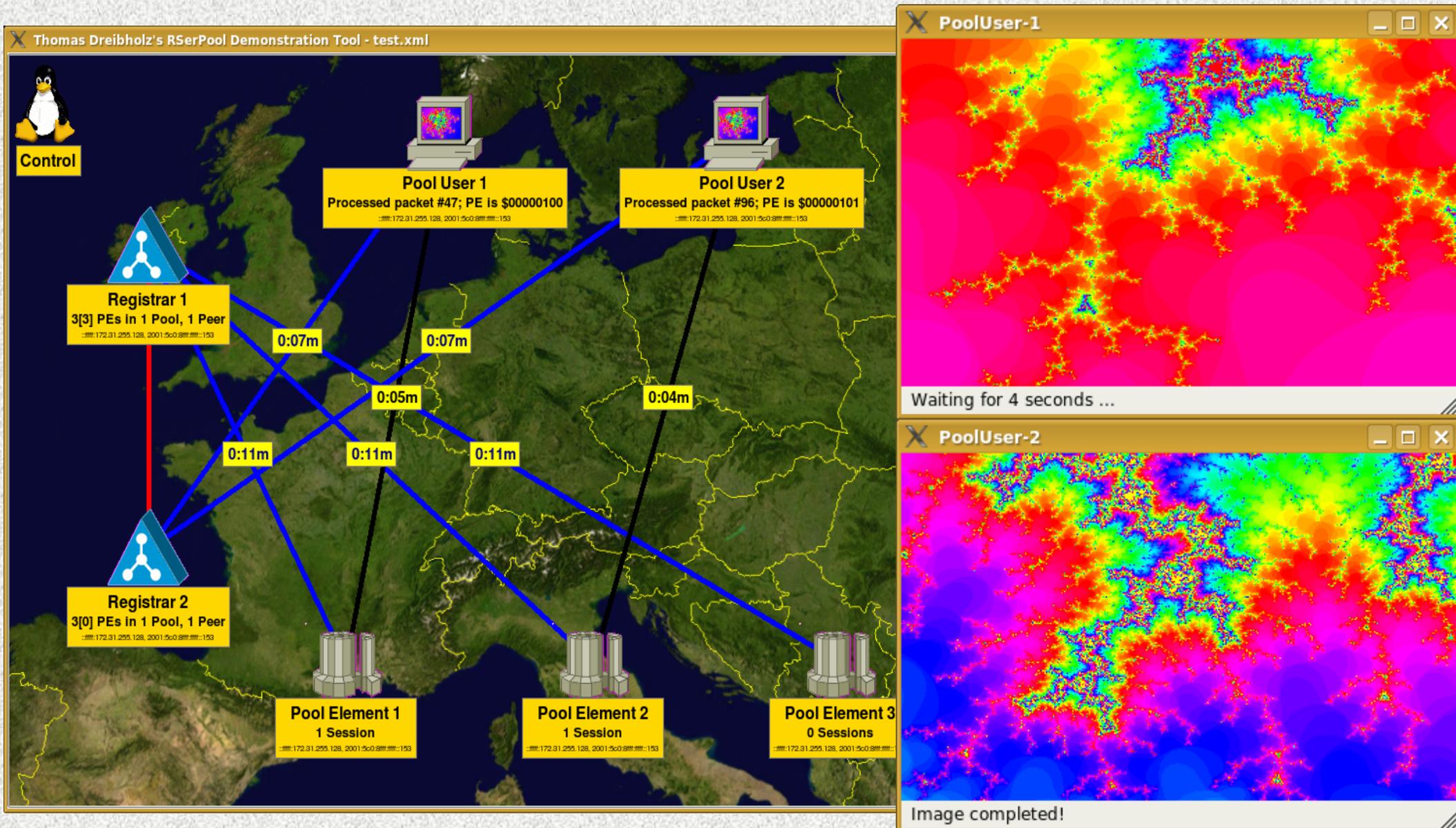
⇒ Concept for **server redundancy** is **required**

- **Motivation of Reliable Server Pooling (RSerPool):**
 - Unified, application-independent solution for service availability
 - Not available before => Foundation of the IETF RSerPool Working Group
- **Application Scenarios for RSerPool:**
 - Main motivation: **Telephone Signalling (SS7) over IP**
 - Under discussion by the IETF:
 - **Load Balancing**
 - Voice over IP (VoIP) with SIP
 - IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX)
 - ... and many more!
- **Requirements for RSerPool:**
 - **“Lightweight”** (low resource requirements, e.g. embedded devices!)
 - **Real-Time** (quick failover)
 - **Scalability** (e.g. to large (corporate) networks)
 - **Extensibility** (e.g. by new server selection rules)
 - **Simple** (automatic configuration: “just turn on, and it works!”)

Related Research Areas



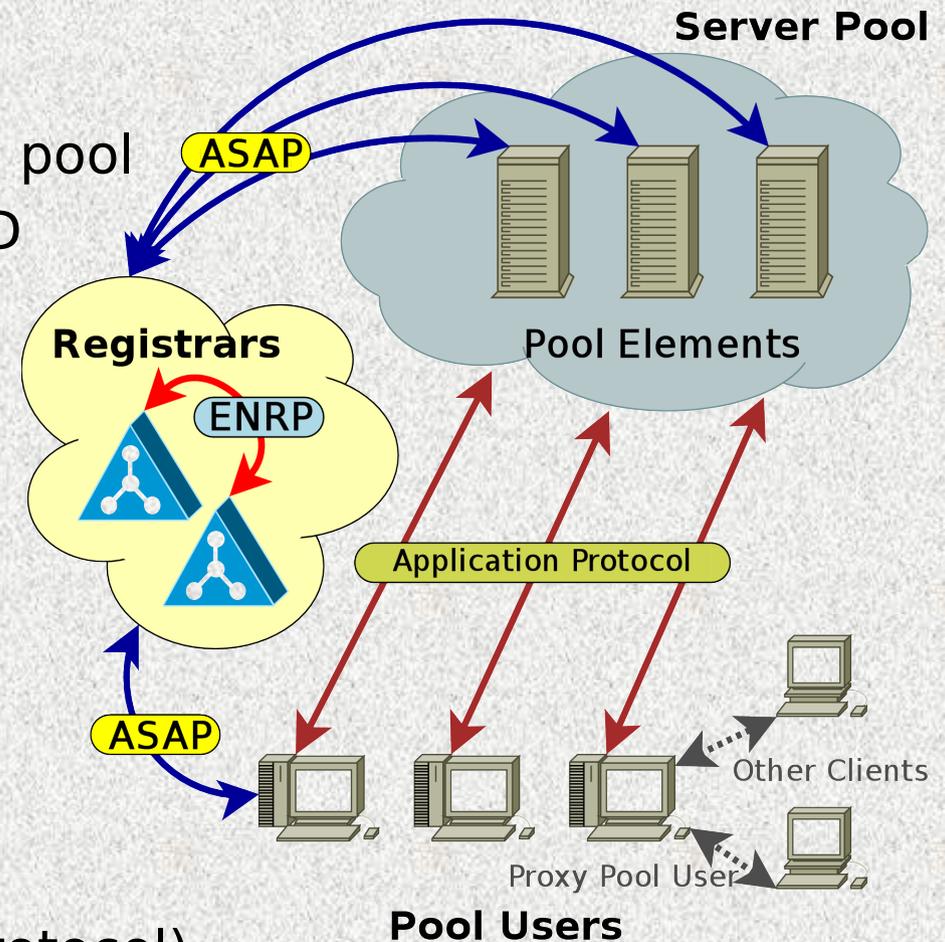
What is „Reliable Server Pooling“? Prototype Demonstration



Reliable Server Pooling (RSerPool)

Terminology:

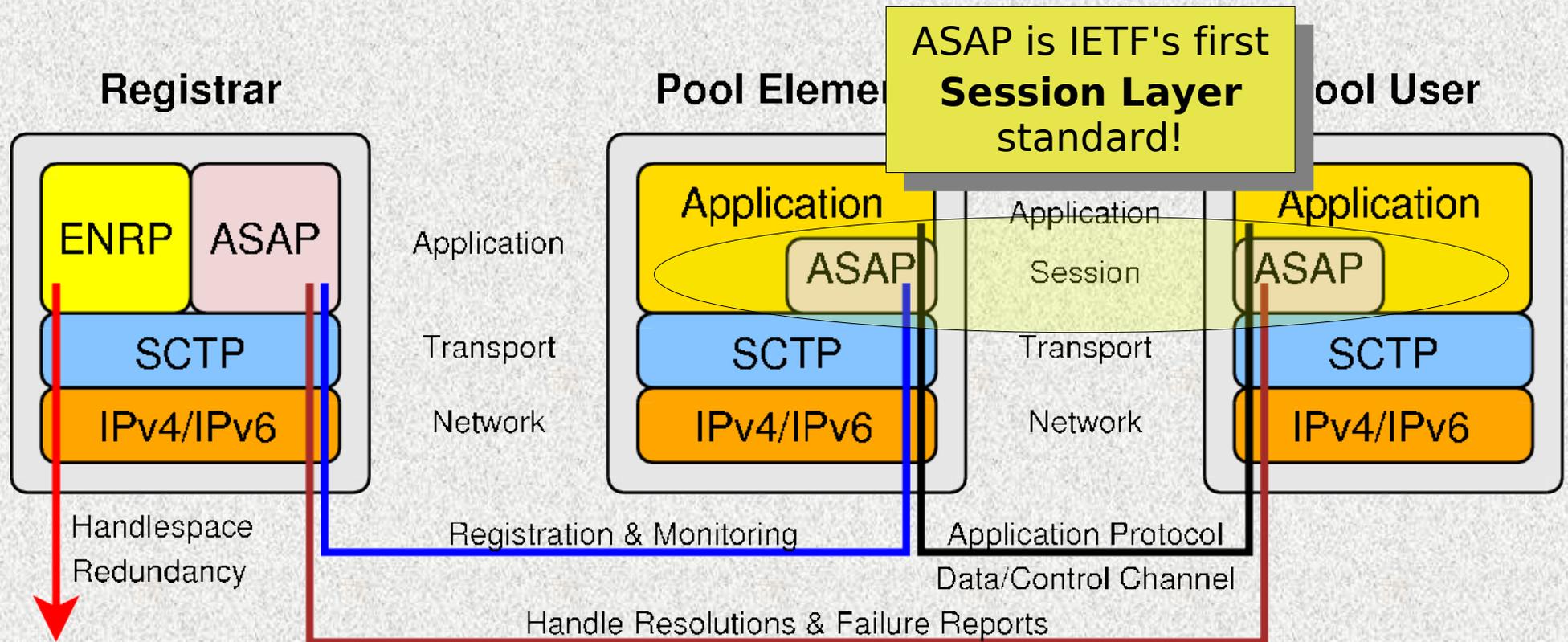
- **Pool Element (PE):** Server
- Pool: Set of PEs
- PE ID: ID of a PE in a pool
- Pool Handle: Unique pool ID
- Handlespace: Set of pools
- **Pool Registrar (PR)**
- **Pool User (PU):** Client
- Support for Existing Applications
 - Proxy Pool User (PPU)
 - Proxy Pool Element (PPE)



Protocols:

- **ASAP** (Aggregate Server Access Protocol)
- **ENRP** (Endpoint Handlespace Redundancy Protocol)

The RSerPool Protocol Stack



■ Aggregate Server Access Protocol (ASAP)

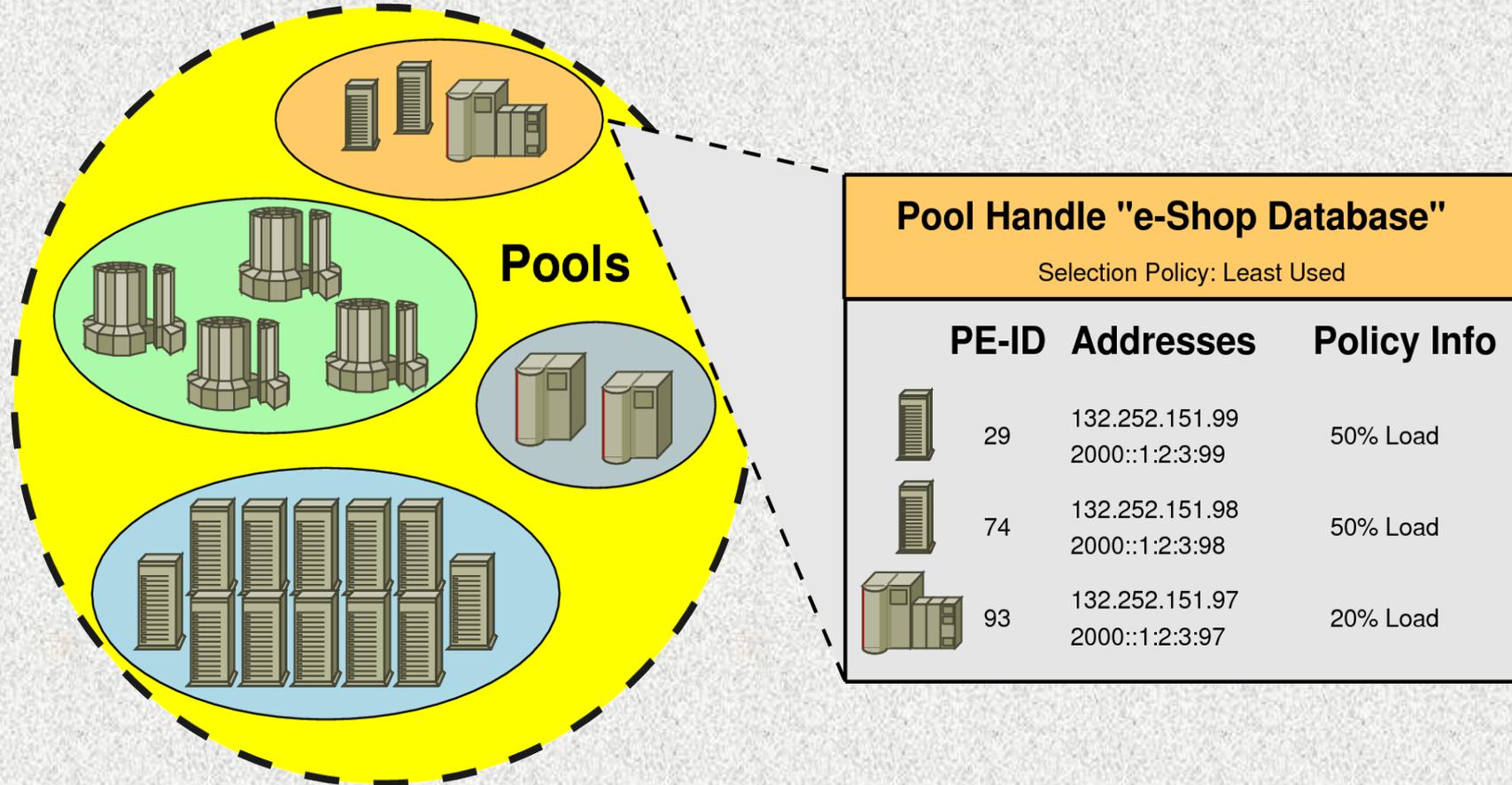
- PR ⇔ PE: Registration, Deregistration and Monitoring by Home-PR (PR-H)
- PR ⇔ PU: Server Selection, Failure Reports

■ Endpoint Handlespace Redundancy Protocol (ENRP)

- PR ⇔ PR: Handlespace Synchronisation

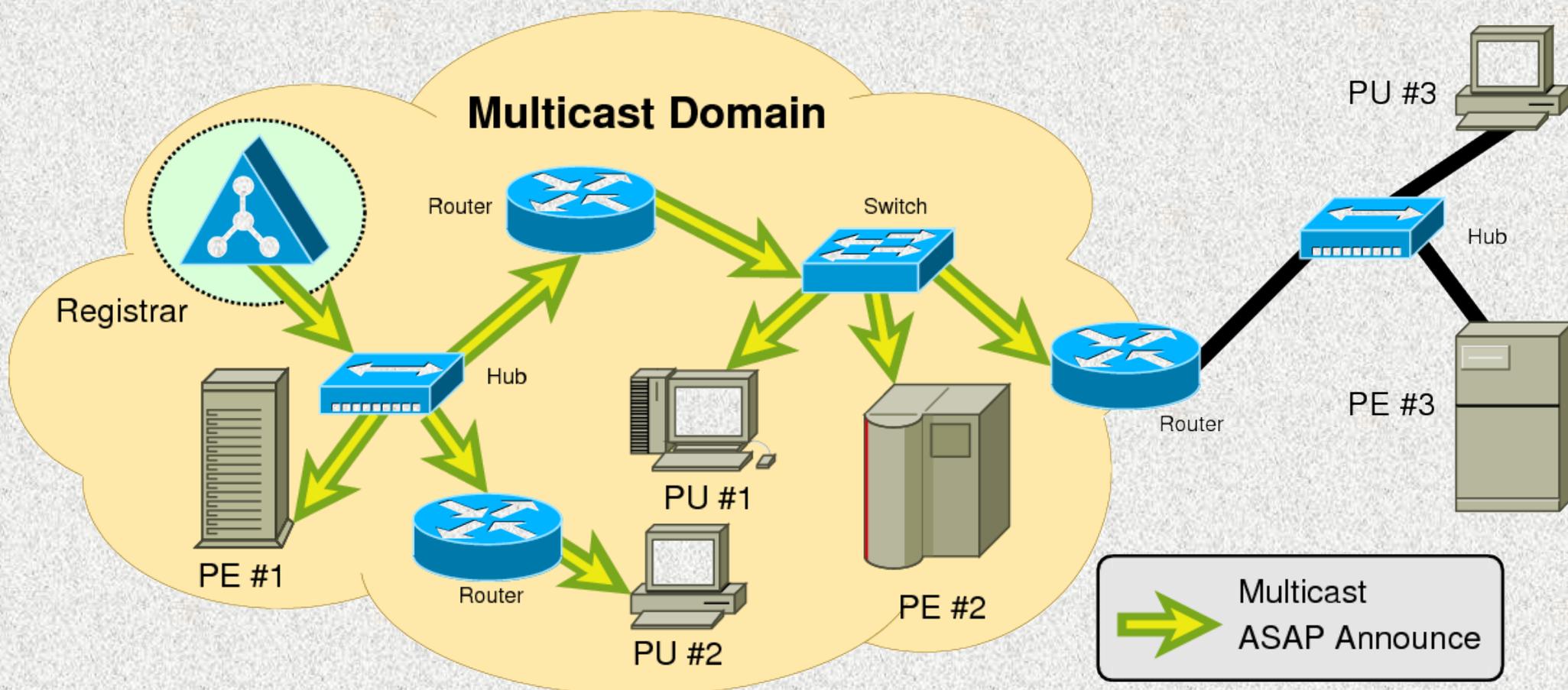
The Handespace and its Contents

- Handespace = set of non-empty pools
- “flat”, i.e. no hierarchy for PHs
 - very efficiently realizable (see [FGCN2007-HsMgt][Contel2005])



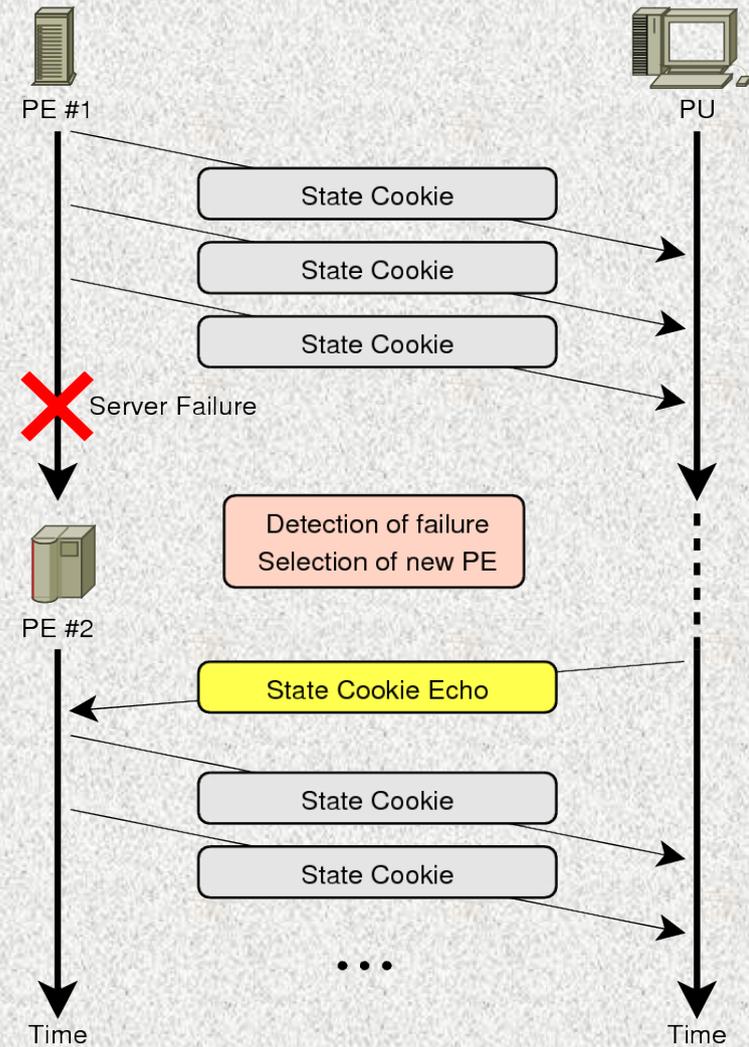
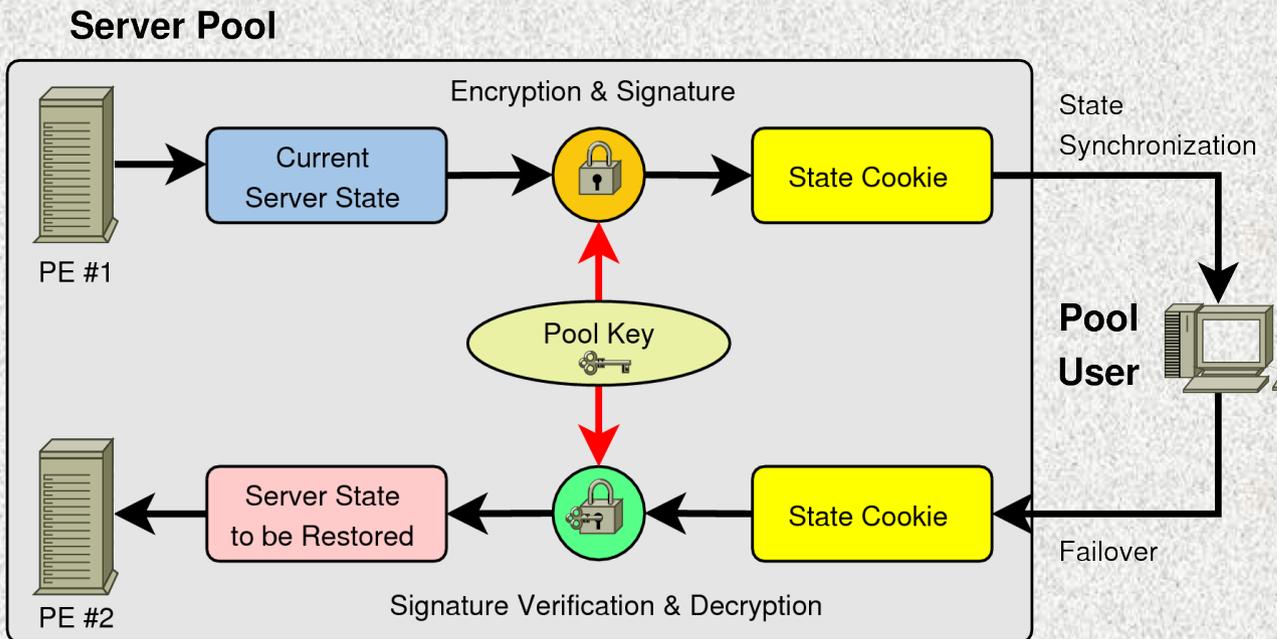
Automatic Configuration by Registrar Announces

- Transport of the announces
as UDP packets via IP multicast

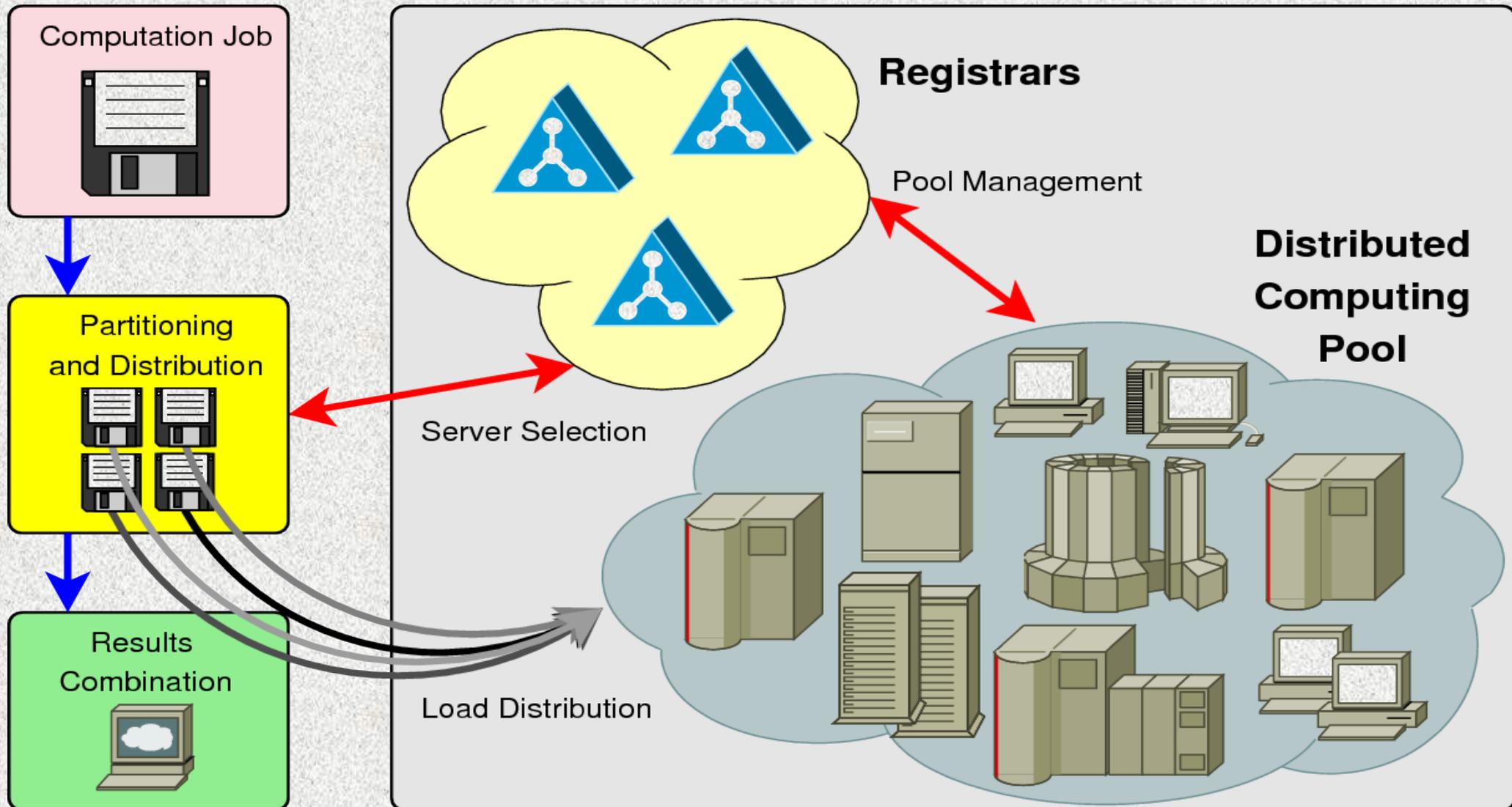


Session Failover using Client-Based State Sharing

- **Necessary to handle failover:**
A new PE must be able to recover the session state of the old PE
- **Simple solution for many applications:**
Usage of „state cookies“ [LCN2002]
Now part of the ASAP protocol!



RSerPool Application Scenario: Real-Time Distributed Computing



Described in [draft-dreibholz-rserpool-distcomp-03.txt]

The *RSPLIB* Implementation

■ Design decisions:

- Open Source, GPLv3 license
- Platform independence
 - Systems: Linux, FreeBSD, MacOS X, Solaris
 - CPUs: x86, x86_64, PPC, MIPS
- Implemented in ANSI-C

■ Basic components:

- *RSPLIB* library for PUs and PEs
 - ASAP protocol (PU/PE side)
- Registrar
 - ASAP protocol (PR side)
 - ENRP protocol
- Demo system and many examples



Developed in cooperation with Siemens AG, Munich
Supported by BMBF and DFG

Thomas Dreibholz's Reliable Server Pooling Page
<http://tdrwww.iem.uni-due.de/dreibholz/rserpool/>

■ Download of the source archive:

- <http://tdrwww.iem.uni-due.de/dreibholz/rserpool/>

■ Dependencies:

- *lksctp* package (Library for access to kernel SCTP features)
(Alternative: our own userland SCTP implementation *sctplib/socketapi*)
- *Qt3* developer files package (for fractal graphics demo, optional)
- *BZip2* developer files package (for CalcApp test application)
- C++ compiler (for the example applications)
- Debian/Ubuntu:

```
sudo apt-get install libsctp-dev libbz2-dev libqt3-mt-dev g++
```

■ Compiling the sources:

- `tar xzf rsplib-<Version>.tar.gz`
- `cd rsplib-<Version>`
- `export QTDIR=/usr/share/qt3` (Debian/Ubuntu, may be different for others)
- `./configure --enable-kernel-sctp --enable-qt`
- `make`
- `sudo modprobe sctp` (if necessary: load kernel module for SCTP)

A Small Test Setup

■ Start of the PR:

- registrar
- For loopback usage (i.e. on computer without network connection):
 - Host requires at least a private-scoped IP address (e.g. 192.168.x.y)
 - Interface must have set the „multicast“ flag
 - `sudo ifconfig dummy0 192.168.100.200 netmask 255.255.255.0 up multicast`

■ Start of the fractal graphics PE:

- `server -fractal`

■ Start of the fractal graphics PU:

- `fractalpooluser`

Further information can be found in the
RSPLIB Handbook
on our project website
<http://tdrwww.iem.uni-due.de/dreibholz/rserpool/>

The Building Blocks of the Registrar

■ Dispatcher:

- Platform-specific functionalities:
 - Timers
 - Sockets
 - Threads

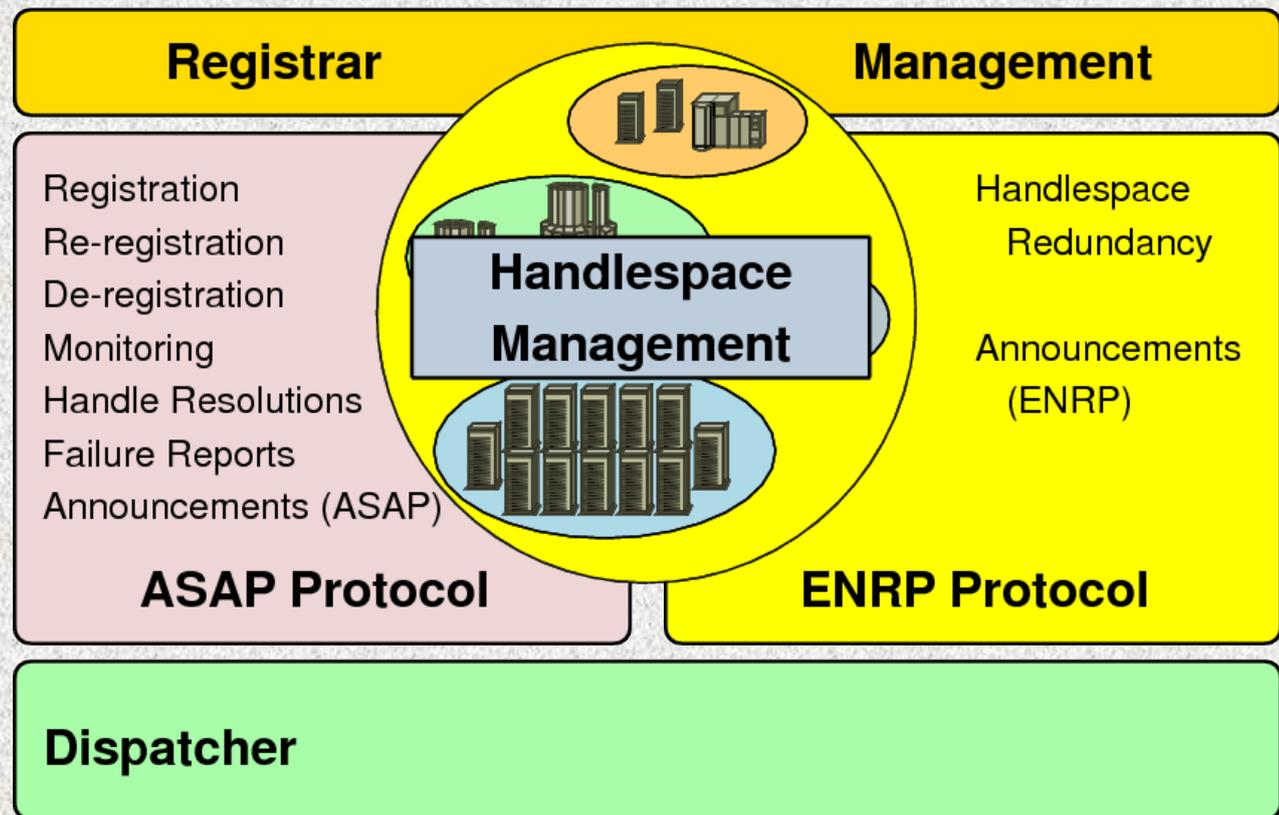
■ Protocols:

- ASAP
 - $PR \leftrightarrow PE$
 - $PR \leftrightarrow PU$
- ENRP ($PR \leftrightarrow PR$)

■ Registrar Mgt.:

- Access control
- Address verification and -filtering

■ Handlespace Management (see [FGCN2007-HsMgt][Contel2005])



The Building Blocks of the *RSPLIB* Library

■ Dispatcher

■ ASAP Instance:

- ASAP protocol
 - PE \leftrightarrow PR
 - PU \leftrightarrow PR
 - PU \leftrightarrow PE
- ASAP thread
 - Request pipelining
- List of PRs
 - from announces
 - static configuration
- Cache for PE selection

RSerPool Enhanced Mode API

RSerPool Basic Mode API

ASAP Instance

**Main
Loop
Thread**

ASAP Cache  Handlespace Management

Registrar Table

ASAP Protocol

Dispatcher

■ RSerPool APIs:

- Basic Mode
- Enhanced Mode

■ Basic Mode API

- Only core functionalities (registration, deregistration, handle resolution)
- PU ↔ PE-communication **realized by the application itself!**

■ Enhanced Mode API

- Complete **session layer**
- For PEs:
 - Registration management
 - Management of incoming sessions
 - Client-based state sharing
- For PUs:
 - **Sessions with pools**, including:
 - Selection of PEs
 - Establishment, monitoring and **management** of a **transport connection**
 - **Failover** support
 - Cookie storage and failover using client-based state sharing

The API of the *RSPLIB* Library: Enhanced Mode for PUs

■ API similar to TCP sockets client:

- For TCP sockets: *socket()* -> *connect()* -> ... -> *close()*
- Now: Session (RSerPool socket) instead of a simple transport connection!

```
/* Create session */  
session = rsp_socket(0, SOCK_STREAM, IPPROTO_SCTP);  
rsp_connect(session, "MyPool", ...);  
  
/* Run application: file download */  
rsp_send(session, "GET Linux-CD.iso HTTP/1.0\r\n\r\n");  
while((length = rsp_rcv(session, buffer, ...)) > 0) {  
    doSomething(buffer, length, ...);  
}  
  
/* Close session */  
rsp_close(session);
```

■ Note:

doSomething() may contain repetitions – depending on the cookie interval!

The API of the *RSPLIB* Library: Enhanced Mode for PEs

■ API similar to TCP sockets server:

- For TCP sockets: *socket()* -> *bind()* -> *listen()* -> *accept()*
- Again: Session (RSerPool socket) instead of transport connection!

```
void serviceThread(session)
{
    rsp_rcv(session, command, ...);
    if(command is a cookie) {
        /* Got a cookie -> restore session state */
        Restore state;
        rsp_rcv(session, command, ...);
    }
    do {
        /* Handle commands from pool user */
        Handle command;
        rsp_send_cookie(session, current state);
        rsp_rcv(session, command, ...);
    } while(session is active);
    rsp_close(session);
}
```

```
int main(...)
{
```

```
/* Create and register pool element */
poolElement = rsp_socket(0,SOCK_STREAM,IPPROTO_SCTP);
rsp_register(poolElement, "MyPool", ...);

/* Handle incoming session requests */
while(server is active) {
    /* Wait for events */
    rsp_poll(poolElement, ...);

    if(incoming session) {
        /* Accept new session */
        session = rsp_accept(poolElement, ...);
        Create service thread to handle session;
    }
}

/* Deregister pool element */
rsp_deregister(poolElement);
rsp_close(poolElement);
}
```

The Scripting Service: Using RSerPool in Shell Scripts

- Another example application: **Scripting Service**
 - **Scripting PE:**
 - Gets Tar/GZip file from PU
 - Archive is extracted, a contained script is executed
 - Results will be Tar/GZip-archived and sent back to PU
 - **Scripting PU:**
 - Get (from user) a Tar/GZip archive with script (and input files)
 - Distributes archive to scripting PE in pool
 - Receives back the results

- Application example:
 - **Distribution of simulation runs**
 - Realized with only about 50 lines of *bash* shell code.

- Current work on the scripting service (as student projects):
 - Security! Idea: usage of **virtualization** (e.g. Xen)
 - Failover handling: application **checkpointing**

Our RSerPool Activities

- Research as part of a DFG-funded project since October 2004
 - Simulation model *RSPSIM*
 - Prototype implementation *RSPLIB*

Interested in our RSerPool research papers and presentations?
Have a look at our website!

- Standardization in the IETF
 - Contribution of 4 **Working-Group-Drafts** ...
 - draft-ietf-rserpool-overview-02.txt
 - draft-ietf-rserpool-policies-07.txt
 - draft-ietf-rserpool-mib-04.txt
 - draft-ietf-rserpool-api-00.txt
 - ... and multiple **Individual Submissions**
 - IETF standardization relies on „running code“ - we have it!
 - *RSPLIB* is the world's first complete RSerPool implementation
 - **Open Source** (GPLv3 license)
 - **Reference implementation** of the IETF RSerPool WG

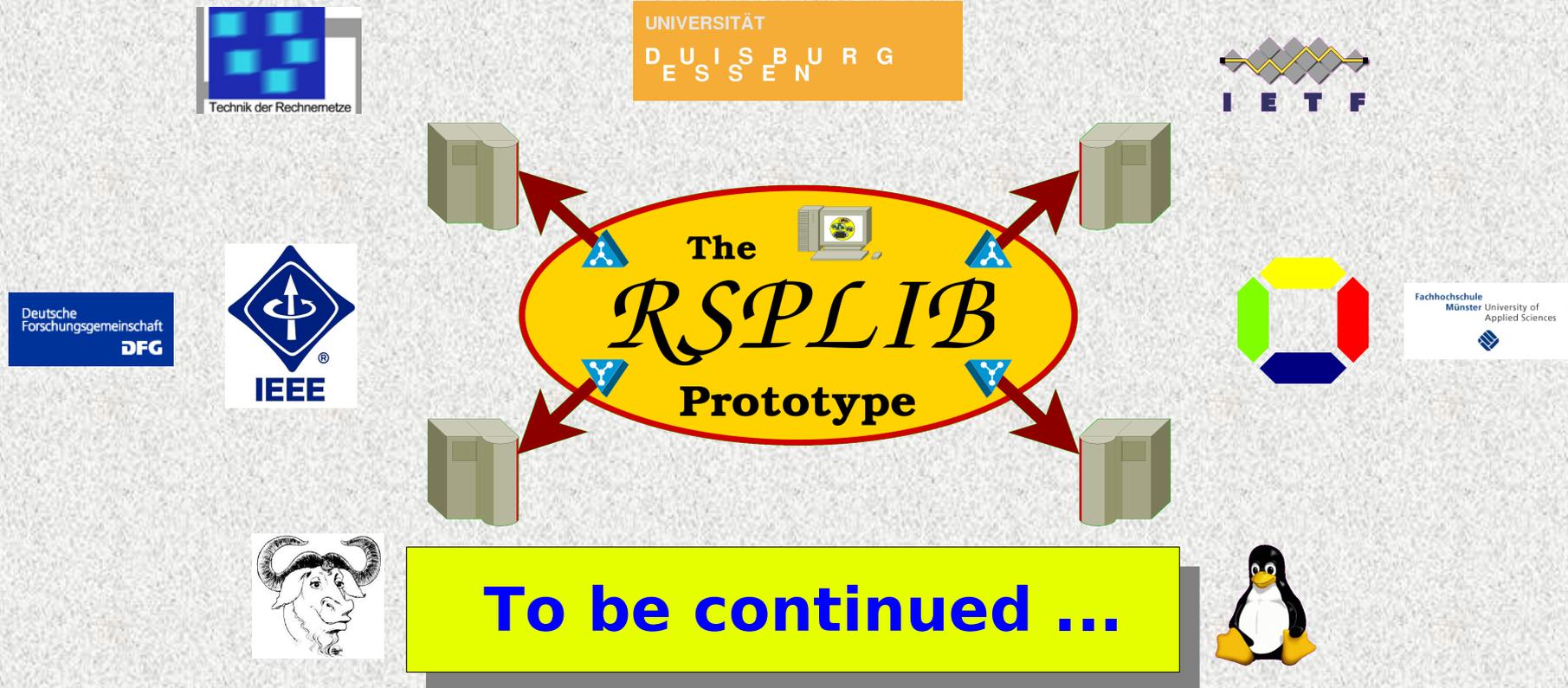


from simulation
to reality

from research
to application

Thank You for Your Attention! Any Questions?

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Visit Our Project Homepage:

<http://tdrwww.iem.uni-due.de/dreibholz/rserpool/>

Thomas Dreibholz, dreibh@iem.uni-due.de