# Reducing Fuel Consumption by Providing In-situ Feedback on the Impact of Current Driving Actions

Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> production by changing driver's behavior

User interfaces can increase the awareness of energy consumption by using persuasive technologies



# Potential for Saving Energy

More efficient driving by

minimizing fuel-expensive actions e.g. by < reducing the need to accelerate and then break reducing average speed <

What do we need for that?

Information about projected state (e.g. slower traffic ahead) 
Predictions about how much fuel will be used when driving at 
certain speeds to a specific destination



Haupthandhui 10=0630 Hier ENTWERTEN

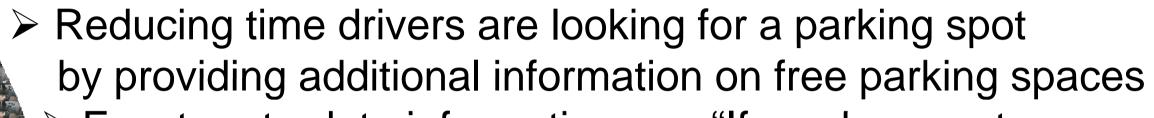
w 9086491

# Design Proposal - Personal Best:

Visual representation of the current fuel consumption compared to the best fuel consumption at any point of a frequently driven route Idea: Beat the best fuel consumption and drive more efficiently



- > minimizing driving time
  - What do we need for that?



- Exact up-to-date information e.g. "If you happen to see a parking space now take it! You will only have to walk X minutes and it potentially saves you driving another Y minutes."
- Reduce number of trips e.g. by suggesting merging trips based on recent behavior
- Using alternative means of transport
- > Providing community platforms for mobile and ad-hoc ridesharing



# Focus Group Results

(7 drivers, 3 female, age 26-31)

#### 50 50 50 50 40 30 20 10 8.5 tookm

## Awareness of Energy Usage

- Awareness of cost is limited ≺
- "How much does a trip by car to your workspace cost?" ≺
  It took people a long time to answer the question
- "How much does a trip by bus/train to your workspace cost?" <
  - The responses came very quickly
  - Higher awareness to price per liter of gas ≺ than actual driving cost

## Personal Best

The idea was generally considered interesting by the focus group but several issues were raised:

- Could incur additional stress for the driver
- > There are many external factors influencing driving behavior like heavy traffic
- > After a certain time, one will achieve a score that is hard to beat
- → goal achieved the driver found his most efficient way to drive

## **Suggestions**

- > Comparing fuel efficiency scores between different driving environments such as on the highway versus in the city instead of for overall driving
- Visual presentation must be easy to interpret and unobtrusive
- Extension of "Personal Best" to a community of drivers to see how one compares to others driving the same or a similar route

# Summary

- There are two dominant ways to save energy: ≺
  - 1) more efficient driving and 2) driving less
- Create awareness of economical and environmentally-friendly driving behavior < in a pleasant and potentially playful way
  - The driver should be able to make an informed decision about whether or ≺ not it is worthwhile to consume more fuel (and save time) or not
- Much of the functionality can be integrated as extra features in navigational aids
- ➤ It is important not to impair the driving experience when trying to reduce the fuel consumption
- Community opportunities
  - mobile and ad-hoc ridesharing
  - Compare fuel consumption with other drivers



Dagmar Kern

Pervasive Computing
University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany
http://pervasive.wiwi.uni-due.de
dagmar.kern@uni-due.de

Paul Holleis

Pervasive Computing
University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany
http://pervasive.wiwi.uni-due.de
paul.holleis@uni-due.de

Albrecht Schmidt

Pervasive Computing
University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany
http://pervasive.wiwi.uni-due.de
albrecht.schmidt@uni-due.de